RULE SHEET

The present perfect



Use the **present perfect** for experiences and for actions with a result now. We don't say when.

Form: have / has + past participle (3rd form)

	Positive	Negative	Question and short answers
I, you, we, they	I **have** (I**'ve**) **visited** York.	I **haven't visited** York.	**Have** you **visited** York? – Yes, I **have**. · No, I **haven't**.
he, she, it	She **has** (she**'s**) **seen** a whale.	She **hasn't seen** a whale.	**Has** she **seen** a whale? – Yes, she **has**. · No, she **hasn't**.

Past participles

Participle = simple past	Participle ≠ simple past
regular: visit – visited · stop – sto**pp**ed · try – tr**ied**	be – was – **been** · go – went – **gone** · do – did – **done** · come – came – **come**
buy – bought · lose – lost · make – made · win – won	see – saw – **seen** · eat – ate – **eaten** · take – took – **taken** · write – wrote – **written**
hear – heard · sleep – slept · read – read · feed – fed	fly – flew – **flown** · ride – rode – **ridden** · drive – drove – **driven** · give – gave – **given**
sell – sold · have – had · tell – told · hold – held	speak – spoke – **spoken** · sing – sang – **sung** · swim – swam – **swum** · begin – began – **begun**
think – thought · put – put · sit – sat	grow – grew – **grown** · know – knew – **known** · throw – threw – **thrown** · fall – fell – **fallen**
fix – fixed · wash – washed · build – built	forget – forgot – **forgotten** · wear – wore – **worn** · break – broke – **broken** · draw – drew – **drawn** · choose – chose – **chosen** · bite – bit – **bitten**

Signal words

- **ever** (in questions): Have you **ever** been to Wales? · **never**: I have **never** eaten snails.
- **already**: We have **already** packed. · **yet** (questions and negatives, at the end): Has the film started **yet**? · **just**: She has **just** arrived.

> **Watch out!** With a past time (yesterday, last year, two days ago), use the **simple past**: I **visited** Paris last year. (not: I have visited Paris last year.) · **been** or **gone**? Tom has **been** to Spain. (He is back.) Tom has **gone** to Spain. (He is there now.)

PRACTICE 1

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Past participles

1 Write the past participle.

Example: walk → *walked*

1. carry → _____
2. plan → _____
3. try → _____
4. sell → _____
5. begin → _____
6. know → _____
7. hold → _____
8. tell → _____

2 Match the verbs and the past participles.

1. ☐ be
2. ☐ do
3. ☐ have
4. ☐ put
5. ☐ think

a. had
b. thought
c. went
d. been
e. put
f. done